

DATA SHEET

Product Name: Beta-Amyloid (1-43), C13, Uniform Labeled

Catalog #: A-1109

Source: Recombinant. A DNA sequence encoding the human beta-amyloid

(1-43) sequence was expressed in E. coli with C13 as the carbon source.

Sequence: DAEFRHDSGYEVHHQKLVFFA

Molecular Mass: 4822.2

Peptide Purity: >97%

Counter Ion: TFA

Supplied As: White lyophilized powder

Resuspension: Resuspend in 1 % NH4OH, at a concentration of 1 mg/ml. Sonicate for 30

seconds to 1 minute after it has gone into solution.

To bring it into your buffer: After resuspension, add 5x or 10x buffer stock

and water, to bring to 1x buffer.

Storage: -20° C

Description: 15N Uniformly labeled Beta-amyloid peptide (Abeta). Abeta is the major

constituent of amyloid plaques in the brains of Alzheimer's patients, and is thought to be the cause of Alzheimer's Disease (AD). AD is the most common neurodegenerative disease and afflicts about 10% of the

population over 60 ⁴.

References: 1) Yankner, BA, et. al., (1990) Science, **250**: 279-282

2) Selkoe, D.J., (2001) Physiol. Rev, 81: 741-766

3) Stine, W.B. et. al., (2003) J. Biol. Chem, 278: 11612-11622

4) Frank, R.A., et. al., (2003) Neurobiology of Aging, 24: 521-536

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